§ 24.3

- (4) Limited liability companies or limited partnerships;
- (5) Community development loan funds or lending consortia;
- (6) Community development real estate investment trusts;
 - (7) Business development companies;
- (8) Community development closedend mutual funds;
- (9) Non-diversified closed-end investment companies; and
- (10) Community development venture or equity capital funds.
- (d) Community development Project (CD Project) means a project to make an investment that meets the requirements of §24.3.
- (e) *Eligible bank* means, for purposes of §24.5, a national bank that:
 - (1) Is well capitalized;
- (2) Has a composite rating of 1 or 2 under the Uniform Financial Institutions Rating System;
- (3) Has a Community Reinvestment Act (CRA) rating of "Outstanding" or "Satisfactory"; and
- (4) Is not subject to a cease and desist order, consent order, formal written agreement, or Prompt Corrective Action directive (see 12 CFR part 6, subpart B) or, if subject to any such order, agreement or directive, is informed in writing by the OCC that the bank may be treated as an "eligible bank" for purposes of this part.
- (f) Low-income and moderate-income have the same meanings as "low-income" and "moderate-income" in 12 CFR 25.12(m).
- (g) Significant risk to the deposit insurance fund means a substantial probability that any Federal deposit insurance fund could suffer a loss.
- (h) Small business means a business, including a small farm or minority-owned small business, that meets the qualifications for Small Business Administration Development Company or Small Business Investment Company loan programs in 13 CFR 121.301.
- (i) Well capitalized has the same meaning as well capitalized in 12 CFR $_{6.4}$

[61 FR 49660, Sept. 23, 1996, as amended at 68 FR 48775, Aug. 15, 2003; 73 FR 22244, Apr. 24, 2008; 73 FR 46534, Aug. 11, 2008]

§24.3 Public welfare investments.

A national bank or national bank subsidiary may make an investment directly or indirectly under this part if the investment primarily benefits low- and moderate income individuals, low- and moderate income areas, or other areas targeted by a governmental entity for redevelopment, or the investment would receive consideration under 12 CFR 25.23 as a "qualified investment."

[73 FR 46534, Aug. 11, 2008]

§24.4 Investment limits.

- (a) Limits on aggregate outstanding investments. A national bank's aggregate outstanding investments under this part may not exceed 5 percent of its capital and surplus, unless the bank is at least adequately capitalized and the OCC determines, by written approval of a written request by the bank to exceed the 5 percent limit, that a higher amount of investments will not pose a significant risk to the deposit insurance fund. In no case may a bank's aggregate outstanding investments under this part exceed 15 percent of its capital and surplus. When calculating the aggregate amount of its aggregate outstanding investments under this part, a national bank should follow generally accepted accounting principles, unless otherwise directed or permitted in writing by the OCC for prudential or safety and soundness reasons.
- (b) *Limited liability.* A national bank may not make an investment under this part that would expose the bank to unlimited liability.

[61 FR 49660, Sept. 23, 1996, as amended at 64 FR 70991, Dec. 20, 1999; 68 FR 48776, Aug. 15, 2003; 73 FR 22244, Apr. 24, 2008]

§ 24.5 Public welfare investment afterthe-fact notice and prior approval procedures.

(a) After-the-fact notice of public welfare investments. (1) Subject to §24.4(a), an eligible bank may make an investment authorized by 12 U.S.C. 24 (Eleventh) and this part without prior notification to, or approval by, the OCC if the bank follows the after-the-fact notice procedures described in this section.